What’s on TTAP for Fall?

Closing The Gap 27th Annual Conference
October 15-17, 2009
(Pre-conference Workshops Oct 13-14)
Minneapolis, Minnesota
Contact: Closing The Gap
526 Main St, PO Box 68
Henderson, MN 56044
Tel: (507) 248-3294
FAX: (507) 248-3810
E-mail: info@closingthegap.com
www.closingthegap.com/conference

Eleventh International ACM SIGACCESS Conference on Computers and Accessibility
October 26-28, 2009
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
www.sigaaccess.org/assets09

ATIA 2009 Chicago
October 29-31, 2009
Chicago, Illinois
E-mail: atia@atia.org
www.atia.org

Have a question? Have an answer? Contact Roger at rogerlevy@mail.utexas.edu

From the Director’s Desk
By Roger Levy, Director

With the publishing of this, our third newsletter, I am completing my first year as Director of TTAP. It has been fast paced and challenging. We have seen changes and, hopefully, you have seen expansion of AT opportunities in your community. The staff of the TTAP has come together with the sole purpose of expanding the opportunity for all persons with disabilities statewide to have better access to, and more opportunity to obtain, assistive technology. I am extremely appreciative of all the efforts and successes they have achieved.

I am pleased to announce that even more changes and expansion will be announced in the next issue of our newsletter. In the months to come, we will be formally announcing a partnership which will bring folks refurbished computers for a nominal cost. For individuals who can’t afford to buy one outright, there will be a financial loan program to lend the money to them, as well as offering other financial services. We will be offering a variety of freeware for folks to try out. Last but not least, our Web site will have a new look. We appreciate all of the feedback we have received and look forward to hearing from you.

For further information, please contact TTAP at (512) 232-0751 or e-mail rogerlevy@mail.utexas.edu.

News from the Device Loan Library

New Products available:
- SpeakQ voice recognition program
- WordQ writing assistant/word expansion program
- Readingpen advanced edition

To try out these new devices, visit our Web site and complete a loan request application.

For further information, please contact the Device Loan Program at (512) 232-0753 or e-mail at jcmorris1@mail.utexas.edu

Assistive Technology Q&A

Q. Is there a new version of Windows available soon?
A. Yes, it’s called Windows 7.
For a comprehensive analysis of Windows 7, visit the following Web site:
http://therangerstation.blogspot.com/

Just for Laughs
Time spent Authoring Report in Microsoft Word

The University Of Texas at Austin
J.J. Pickle Campus
Texas Center for Disability Studies
10100 Burnet Road, Bldg. CMS, #137, Rm 1.154, MC/L4000
Austin, Texas 78758-4445
http://techaccess.edb.utexas.edu

For further information, please contact TTAP at (512) 232-0751 or e-mail rogerlevy@mail.utexas.edu.
**A History of Mobility AT**

By Darlene West, TTAP AT Specialist

Assistive Technology (AT) has been around since the first human used a stick to compensate for an injured limb. The first recorded AT showed up in 3500 B.C. in the Rig-Veda, an ancient sacred poem of India, which included a written record of a prosthesis. Wheelchair technology has been around since at least 4000 B.C. (some scientists say 6000 B.C.). The first recorded image of combining wheels with furniture for mobility was found on a Chinese sarcophagus which dated to the 6th century. The first recorded self-propelled wheelchair was invented by a 22-year-old paraplegic watchmaker, Stephen Farfler, in 1655. It had rotating handles and gears which, when turned, allowed the user to propel the chair independently.

During the 18th century, comfort for the person with a disability became more of an issue. Wheelchairs were invented with adjustable foot rests and reclining backs. Actually, the first “adjustable” wheelchair was made for King Phillip II of Spain in 1595. The design was not shared with the public. In 1700, King Louis XIV used a “roulette” for mobility following an operation. (It’s good to be the king!) The wheelchair design that dominated the market in the 1800s was developed in Bath, England by John Dawson, “Wheelchair Maker,” in 1783. In 1881, “push rims” (smaller second rims) were added so the person could propel themselves and be more independent.

In the early 1900s, the first “lightweight wheelchair” was made from Indian reed. It weighed just 58 lbs. These were very common following the Civil War and WWI. In 1912, a 1 ¾ horsepower engine was attached to a 3-wheeled chair to become the first motorized wheelchair. These were so popular that wheelchair makers in London, England began to produce them commercially.

In 1932, Herbert Everest (an injured mining engineer) and Harold Jennings (a mechanical engineer) designed the first folding frame wheelchair. In the 1950s they developed the first transistor-controlled motors and adapted them to their wheelchair design.

In 1952, wheelchair sports took place for the first time in England. In 1964, the first Paralympic games were held in Tokyo, Japan. In 1975, paraplegic Bob Hall competed in the Boston Marathon.

In the 21st century, wheelchairs are available for a large range of uses. These include the simple folding wheelchair, sport and racing wheelchairs, stair climbing wheelchairs, climbing wheelchairs that do not require a ramp to enter or exit a vehicle, wheelchairs designed so the passenger can ride in a standing position, and many others.

**Spotted on TTAP Demonstration Centers**

**East Texas Center for Independent Living**

ETCIL offers the following services and programs:

- **Independent Living Skills Training**
- **Advocacy**
- **Peer Mentoring**
- **Information and Referral**

**Home by Choice** – Assists Medicaid-eligible adults and children relocate from nursing facilities, like nursing homes and state operated facilities, into independent living.

**Deaf Services** – Includes various communication tools for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing, including a Certified Sign Language Interpreting Service.

**Social Security Representative Payee Program** – A benefits program where ETCIL manages the finances of individuals who receive Social Security benefits.

**Hearing Loss Resource Specialist Program** - Assists individuals who have a hearing loss obtain services from service providers and accommodations by employers. Strives to remove communication barriers through education and advocacy.

ETCIL is located at:

4713 Troup Hwy.

Tyler, TX 75703

Contact ETCIL:

Local telephone: (903) 581-7542

Toll free long distance: (877) 581-7542

Local TTY: (903) 581-4615

Fax: (903) 581-8289

---

**Tech Corner**

WordQ is a writing program which works with any word processing software. State-of-the-art word prediction suggests words when you have trouble spelling or choosing the right word. A special text-reading mode helps you proofread. With Microsoft® Word, WordPad, Notepad, or Outlook, text can be highlighted and read aloud within that application.

SpeakQ is a voice recognition program that plugs in to WordQ. WordQ/SpeakQ is for those who can type but who have trouble writing and reading. They can benefit from a combination of word prediction, speech output, and speech input to generate text when stuck with spelling and word forms, identifying errors, proofreading, and editing.

For further information, visit the Quillsoft Web site at:

http://www.wordq.com/